

## Crohn's Disease

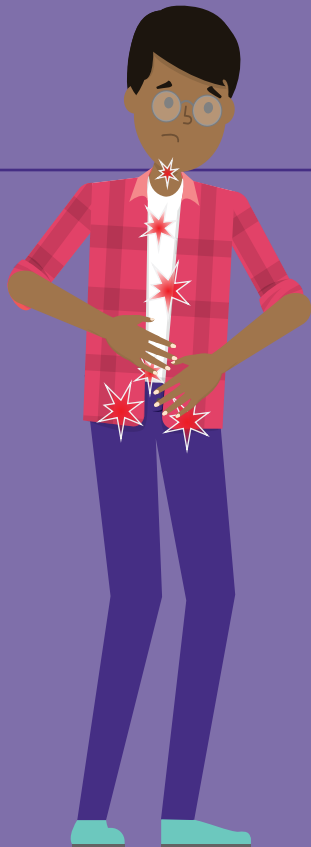
Can occur anywhere in the GI tract (from gum to bum) Most often affects the portion of the small intestine before the large intestine/colon.

Damaged areas appear in patches

Pain is variable, depending on where inflammation is present in the gut. Typically localized to the lower right side of the abdomen

Sores in the mouth or the anus occur more often in people with Crohn's disease

Perianal disease is more common in people with Crohn's disease



## Both

### Inflammation

### Pain

### Symptoms within the GI Tract

- Multiple bowel movements a day
- Abdominal pain and cramping
- Severe diarrhea
- Weight loss
- Diminished appetite
- Fatigue
- Rectal Bleeding

### Symptoms outside the GI Tract:

- Eyes (redness, pain, and itchiness)
- Mouth (sores)
- Joints (swelling and pain)
- Skin (tender bumps, painful ulcerations, and other sores/rashes)
- Bones (osteoporosis)
- Kidney (stones)
- Liver (primary sclerosing cholangitis, hepatitis, and cirrhosis)—occurs rarely

## Ulcerative Colitis

Occurs in the large intestine / colon

Damaged areas are continuous (not patchy)

Pain is typically localized to the left area of the abdomen

False urges to go to the bathroom. The sense of urgency is due to inflammation of the rectum.

Loose stool that contains blood, pus, and mucus



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